OTP Weekly Outlook

Next week:

• The FOMC meeting will be in the spotlight. Also watch out for Q2 GDP in both the U.S. and Euro area

This week:

- Global recession fears faded somewhat, developed stock markets are set to rebound after last week's sell-off.
- · LT yields came down in the USA and in the eurozone.
- The euro bounced back to 1.02 after ECB's rate hike, though Friday's activity data pushed intra-day the euro lower.
- Crude oil prices were mixed, TTF gas price sank after gas flows through Nord Stream 1 resumed.
- The Western European region reports high daily covid case counts, but signs of moderation can be observed in some countries.
- Manufacturing PMIs in Europe and in the US PMI deteriorated more than expected.





The FOMC meeting will be in the spotlight. Also watch out for Q2 GDP in

Date)*	Cd.	Event/ Data	Period	Cons.	Prev
2022 7 25	9:00	DE	IFO Econom ic sentim ent index (points)	Jul	90	923
	10:00	US	Case-ShillerHom e Price Index (YoY,%)	Мау		212
26	15:00	US	Consum erconfidence (point)	Jul	97.5	98.7
	16 : 00	US	New hom esales (annualized monthly, 000s)	Jun	666	696
	16:00	${ m I}{ m \Gamma}$	Consum erconfidence (point)	Jul	96.00	98 3
27	10:00	US	Durable goodsorders (M oM ,%)	Jun	-0 5	0.8
	14:30	US	Pending hom e sales (M oM ,%)	Jun		0.7
	20:00	US	Interestrate decision &)		2 25-2 50	15-1:
28	9:00	ES	Retailsales (Yoy,%)	Jun		1.4
	9:00	ΕZ	EC Econom ic Sentim ent Index (points)	Jul	1020	104.
	11:00	DE	CPI (Elash, MoM, %)	Jul	0.6	0.1
	11:00	DE	CPI (Elash,YoY,%)	Jul	73	7.6
	14:30	US	GDP (prelim inary,annualized QoQ,%)	Q2	0.4	-1.6
	14:30	US	Initial job less claims (000s)			251
	14:30	US	Continuing job less claim s (000s)			138
29	7:30	FR	GDP prelim inary,QoQ,%)	Q2	0.2	-0:
	8:00	DE	GDP QoQ,SA,prelim inary,%)	Q2	0 10	0.2
	8:00	DE	GDP prelim inary, YoY,%)	Q2	1.7	4 🕻
	8:00	ES	GDP prelim inary,QoQ,%)	Q2	0.40	0.2
	9:00	II	GDP prelim inary,QoQ,%)	Q2	0.3	0.
	11:00	EZ	GDP prelim inary, YoY,%)	Jul	01	0.6
	11:00	EZ	GDP prelim inary,YoY,%)	Jul	3.4	5.4
	11:00	EZ	CPI (Elash, MoM, %)	Jul	0.2	0.8
	11:00	EZ	CPI (Elash, Yoy, %)	Jul	9 D	8.8
	14:00	US	Personalincom e M oM ,%)	Jun	0.5	0.5
	14:30	US	Personalconsum ption (adjusted, M oM , %)	Jun	0.9	0.2
	14:30	US	Household core PCE index (MoM,%)	Jun	0.5	0.3
	15:45	US	Chicago PM I (points)	Jul	56	56
	15:45	US	Michigan Consum er confidence (final, points)	Jul	51,1	51.
	3:30	CN	NBS Non-m anufacturing PM I (points)	Jul		54.
	3:30	CN	NBS M anufacturing PM I (points)	Jul		50 .

^{*}The time, when most likely market-mover data could come out is indicated in red.



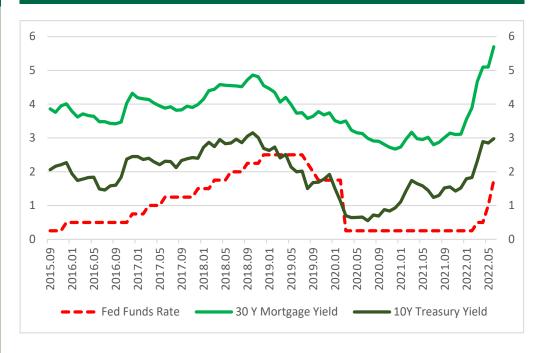
US: The FOMC meeting and Q2 GDP will be in the spotlight in the U.S. The Federal Funds Rate is expected to rise by another 75 basis points

Dat e		Cd.	Event/Data	Period	Cons.	Prev.
20220725	14:30	US	Case-ShillerHom e Price Index (YoY,%)	Мау		212
0726	14:30	US	Consum erconfidence (point)	Jul	97.5	98 . 7
	16:00	US	New homesales (annualized monthly, 000s)	Jun	666	696
0727	15 : 45	US	Durablegoodsorders (MoM,%)	Jun	-0.5	0.8
	15 : 45	US	Pending hom esales (MoM,%)	Jun		0.7
	20:00	US	Interestrate decision (%)		2 25-2 50	1 .5-1.7 5
0728	14:30	US	GDP (prelim inary, annualized QoQ,%)	Q2	0.4	-1.6
	14:30	US	Initialjobless claims (000s)			2510
	14:30	US	Continuing jobless claims (000s)			138 4
0729	14:30	US	Personalincom e M oM ,%)	Jun	0.5	0.5
	14:30	US	Personalconsum ption (adjusted, MoM, %)	Jun	0.9	0.2
	14:30	US	Household core PCE index (M oM ,%)	Jun	0.5	0.3
	15 : 45	US	Chicago PM I (points)	Jul	56	56
	16:00	US	Michigan Consum er confidence (final, points)	Jul	51,1	51,1

Key highlights

- The Fed Funds Rate is expected to rise on Wednesday by another 75 bp taking the target range to 2.25-2.5%.
- The market expects rates to peak around 3.5% at the end of the year. Rates are expected to remain at this level until mid-2023, after which they will fall gradually.
- Expectations for an even larger rate hike rose on the back of June inflation data but, several FED officials who are considered hawks, said that they favored a 75 bp move, as large abrupt changes may have negative consequences. In addition, since then the incoming activity data has been rather mixed suggesting clearer signs of weakness.
- We will also find out if GDP falls for a second consecutive quarter. The Atlanta Fed's GDP Now tracker suggests a 1.6% annualized decline in Q2, while analysts expect growth. Even if we see another decline, the NBER won't necessarily call a recession as certain indicators point to continued expansion

Interest Rate, Yields (%)



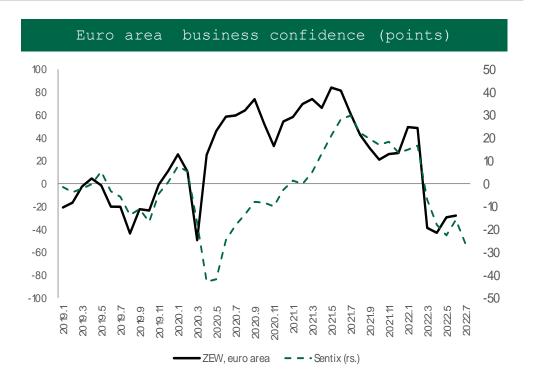


Euro area: Preliminary flash estimate of Q2 GDP and June inflation will be in

Date	Cd.	Event/ Data	Period	Cons.	Prev.
2022 7. 25 9:00	DE	IFO Econom ic sentim ent index (points)	Jul	90	923
28 9:00	ES	Retailsales (YoY,%)	Jun		1.4
11:00	DE	CPI(flash,MoM,%)	Jul	0.6	01
11:00	DE	CPI(flash,YoY,%)	Jul	7.3	7.6
29 7:30	FR	GDP (prelim inary,QoQ,%)	Q2	02	-02
8:00	DE	GDP QoQ,SA,prelim inary,%)	Q2	0 10	0.2
8:00	DE	GDP (prelim inary,YoY,%)	Q2	1.7	4Ω
8:00	ES	GDP (prelim inary,QoQ,%)	Q2	0.40	0.2
9:00	T	GDP (prelim inary,QoQ,%)	Q2	0.3	01
11:00	EZ	GDP (prelim inary,YoY,%)	Jul	0.1	0.6
11:00	EZ	GDP (prelim inary, YoY,%)	Jul	3 <i>A</i>	5 <i>.</i> 4
11:00	EZ	CPI(flash,MoM,%)	Jul	02	0.8
11:00	EZ	CPI(flash,YoY,%)	Jul	8.8	a. 8

Key highlights

- GDP could have expanded marginally by 0.1% QoQ, and annual growth is expected to slow to 3.4% YoY as real incomes have dropped due to the increase in energy prices, while consumer and business confidence has slumped. On the sectoral side, industry and retail sales weakened in recent months., while activity is expected to be supported by hospitality and services reopening.
- Euro are inflation rate is expected to increase mildly further to 8.8% as energy and food prices still have a significant effect, while underlying price pressures appear to be strong too. Headline inflation is probably close to a peak, but a significant upside surprise could add pressure on the ECB to further front-load rate hikes leading to rising yields and falling stock markets.





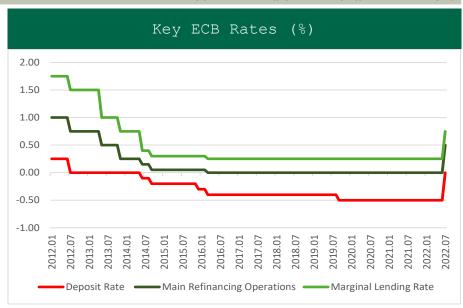
This week's data: June US labor market seems resilient

14:30 US Housing starts (annualized monthly, 000s) 14:30 US Building perm its (annualized monthly, 000s) 20.8:00 UK Inflation (YoY, %) 16:00 US Existing home sales (annualized monthly, 000s) 16:00 EZ Consumer confidence (point) 21. 4:30 JP Interestrate decision (%) Jun 1559 D 15 16:00 Substituting perm its (annualized monthly, 000s) Jun 5120 D0 538 21. 4:30 JP Interestrate decision (%)	38 80 1549 550 1695 3 91 300 5410 49 -236 01 -01 25 -05
14:30 US Building perm its (annualized monthly, 000s) 20.8:00 UK Inflation (YoY, %) 16:00 US Existing home sales (annualized monthly, 000s) 16:00 EZ Consumer confidence (point) 21. 4:30 JP Interest rate decision (%) Jun 1685.0 16 Jun 9 9 Sales (annualized monthly, 000s) Jun 5120.00 538 Jun 6-27 -2 Jul -0.10 -0.10	550 1695 9.3 9.1 80.0 5410 4.9 -23.6 0.1 -0.1
20.8:00 UK Inflation (YoY,%) 16:00 US Existing home sales (annualized monthly,000s) 16:00 EZ Consumer confidence (point) 21. 4:30 JP Interest rate decision (%) Jun 5120 00 538 Jul -27 -2 Jul -010 -0	93 91 800 5410 49 -236 01 -01
16:00 US Existing home sales (annualized monthly, 000s) Jun 5120 00 538 16:00 EZ Consumer confidence (point) Jul -27 -2 21. 4:30 JP Interest rate decision (%) Jul -0.10 -0.10	30 D 5410 49 -23.6 01 -01
16:00 EZ Consum erconfidence (point) Jul -27 -2 214:30	4.9 -23.6 0.1 -0.1
21. 4:30 JP Interestrate decision (%) Jul -0.10	01 -01
	25 -0.5
14:15 EZ Interestrate decision (depositrate,%) Jul 0 -0	
14:15 EZ Interestrate decision (Lending rate,%) Jul 0.5	0
14:30 US Continuing jobless claims (000s) weekly 13840 134	10.0 1333
14:30 US Initial job less claims (000s) weekly 251 2	40 244
16:00 US Leading index (M oM ,%) Jun -08 -(0.5
22. 1:30 JP CPI $(0, 0, 0)$ Jun 2.4	2.5
1:30 JP core-CPI((oY,%) Jun 22 2	22 21
8:00 UK Retailsales (MoM,%) Jun -010 -(0.3 -0.8
9:15 FR S&PGlobalManufacturing PMI (points) Jul 49.6 50	51.4
9:15 FR S&PGlobalServicePMI(points) Jul 52:10 5	2.7 53.9
9:30 DE S&PGlobalService PMI (points) Jul 492 5	12 52.4
9:30 DE S&PGlobalManufacturing PMI (points) Jul 4920 5	52
10:00 EZ S&PGlobalM anufacturing PM I (points) Jul 49.6 5	1.0 52.1
10:00 EZ S&PGlobalService PMI (points) Jul 51 5	52 53
10:30 UK Manufacturing PM I (points) Jul 522 S	52 52.8
10:30 UK Service PM I (points) Jul 53.3	53 54.3
15:45 US S&PGlobalM anufacturing PM I (points) Jul 48 5	52 52.7
15:45 US S&PGlobalService PMI (points) Jul 4700 5	2.6 52.7

Key highlights

was disappointing.

- The ECB raised its benchmark rate by 50 basis points, which was more than the consensus (25 bps). This will be the first of a series of hikes. Lagarde did not provide any forward guidance. The central bank will adopt a meeting-by-meeting approach. A new instrument (Transmission Protection Instrument) was announced with the aim to reduce the fragmentation of the Euro area bond market.
- The euro-zone Composite PMI fell to 49.4 in July, less than consensus (51) which suggests GDP may be contracting at the start of Q3. The indicator weakened below 50 in U.S. as well. The sharp fall in services PMI





Global recession fears faded somewhat, developed stock markets seem to rebound after last week's sell-off. LT yields came down in the USA and in the eurozone's largest economies. The euro bounced back to 1.02 after ECB's rate hike, though Friday's activity data pushed intra-day the euro lower. Crude oil prices were mixed, TTF gas price sank after gas flows through Nord Stream 1 resumed.

Indices	Last price	1week change (%)	YTD(%)	Interest rates	Last price	1week change (bps)	YTD (bps)	FX rates	Last price	1week change (%)	YTD (%)	Commodity	Last price	1week change (%)	YTD (%)
S& P500	3993	3.4	-16 2	US2year	2.98	-14 .4	224.4	Dollarindex	106.339	-1.6	11.2	Brent	104.6	3.4	34.4
NasdaqComp.	11986	4.7	-23.4	US 10 year	2.80	-11.9	128 .6	EURUSD	1,0235	15	-10 D	WTI	96.5	-1.1	28.3
Dow Jones	32123	2.7	-11.6	DE 2 year	0.40	-3.7	103.8	USDJPY	135.93	1.9	-15.3	NaturalGas (TTF)*	163.0	-0 2	145.1
Russel2000	18 25	4.6	-18 .7	DE 10 Year	1.04	-9 2	121.8	GBPU SD	12042	1.6	-11,0	Gold	1731.8	1.4	-53
Stoxx 600	426	3.0	-12.6	FR 10 year	1.62	-11.8	143.0	AUDUSD	0.6964	2.5	-4.1	Silver	18.9	0.9	-19 D
DAX	13281	32	-16 <i>.</i> 4	SP 10 year	2.25	-2.7	1692	USDCAD	128 32	1.6	-1.5	Palladium	20 31.8	11.0	6.7
CAC40	6221	31	-13.0	II 10 year	3.33	6.7	216.4	USDCHF	0.961	1.7	- 5.0	Copper	337.0	42	-24.5
FTSE100	7283	1.7	-1.4	UK 10 year	1,94	-14.5	97.6	NZDUSD	0.6285	1.9	-7.9	Steel	915.0	-0 2	-36.2
FTSE M B	21239	15	-22.3	CH 10 year	0.64	-7.4	78 .7	CNHUSD	6 . 7537	0.1	-5,9	W heat	7803	0.5	12
Nikkei225	27915	4.8	-3.0	JP 10 year	0 21	-2.0	14.4	USDTRY	17 .7 195	-2.0	-24.9	Com	5813	-3.8	- 2,0
CSI300	4238 2	-0 2	-14 2	CN 10 year	2.78	-0 1	12	USDBRL	5.4461	-0.7	2.4	Electricity*	3088	-18 2	230.3

Source: Bloom berg *In EUR/MWh



Key highlights

- After last week's declines in developed stock markets, major stock indices are expected to rebound. Not that global recession fears fully dissolved, but other acute problems like corporate earnings and gas supply safety fears in Europe seem to cause less headache right now.
- After a bumpy week, major stock indices are expected to end the week with considerable gains on both sides of the Atlantic. In the USA, the S&P500 and the Dow are expected to climb around 3% w/w, while Nasdaq Composite may bag about 5% weekly gain, benefiting from the pricing out of a 100bps Fed rate hike that would be a major drag on growth stocks. In Europe, stock indices are also poised to a weekly advance, with the DAX taking the lead and other benchmarks close behind it. Considering national stock indices, FTSE100 seems to lag behind, by adding only less than 2%.
- Friday may bring some meagre uptick in Europe, despite deteriorating PMIs in the eurozone as the latest string of data shows.
- In terms of sector performance, investors have been favouring cyclical sectors this week. Consumer discretionary was the winner of the week among S&P500 sectors, while thanks to the mostly better-than-expected Q2 earnings report from US banks, financials also outperformed. IT and materials also corrected after last week's sell-off. In Europe, considering sector performance of Stoxx600 Europe, cyclical sectors outperformed, with technology, real estate and financial services adding the most, while defensive sectors underperformed.
- The Western European region reports high daily covid case counts, but signs of moderation can be observed in some countries. Infection rates are on the rise in Japan. Australian hospitals have to endure high pressure due to the new covid wave; people are advised to work from home. Shenzen, a southern city of China is implementing testing and lockdowns to keep the recent covid outbreak at bay.



Key highlights

- Long-term yields moved lower, with the 10Y Treasury yield dropping to 2.8% (-12bps), and German and French yields declining 9 and 12bps, repectively. In the USA, rising jobless claims, a dimming regional factory outlook, and a weaker leading economic indicator signalled recession risks amid tightening monetary policy, bolstering demand for bonds ahead of Fed's rate-setting meeting next week. In the eurozone periphery countries Spain's 10Y yield dipped 3bps but that of Italy jumped by 7bps after political turmoil.
- The **EURUSD** climbed above 1.02 by Thursday after the European Central Bank raised interest rates more than expected. However, the sharp weakening of German manufacturing PMI published on Friday pushed the euro lower, the common currency recovered and may end the week with 1.5% gain. This week the dollar was dragged down by expectations that the Federal Reserve will lift interest rates next week by less than the 100 basis points that seemed likely after the release of the red-hot consumer inflation data for June.
- Oil prices fell on Friday morning on weakening global demand outlook and the resumption of some Libyan crude output. On a weekly basis, Brent and WTI moved differently, with Brent adding 3% and WTI losing 1% w/w.
- Uncertainties of European gas supply is still a hot topic in Europe, although supply concerns eased as gas flows through Nord Stream 1 resumed. European gas prices steadily decreased during the week, though Friday brought a major uptick, resulting in 0.1% dip, despite a 11% decline when comparing prices from Thursday to Thursday. TTF gas price settles around 160EUR/MWh on Friday, electricity price still remains above the 300 EUR/MWh-level.



Stock market and sector performance

Performa	nce of US sec	ors		Performance of	of Europe's s	ectors	
Sector	Last price	1week change (%)	YTD(%)	Sector	Last price	1week change (%)	YTD(%)
S& P500	3993	3.4	- 16 2	Stoxx 600	426	3.0	-12.6
II	2422	4.5	- 20 .7	Health care	10 55	0.1	-25
Health care	1521	0.3	- 75	Industrialgoods & services	638	4.7	-19 9
Financials	549	3.8	-15.6	Banks	123	3.3	-15.5
Telco	191	0.5	-28 .6	Personal& households goods	969	3.4	-12.1
Consum erdiscretionary	1229	8.1	-23.7	Insurance	283	0.9	-12 D
Industrials	771	50	-138	Food and beverages	808	1.6	− 7Ω
Consum erstaples	762	0.6	-53	Technology	605	8.8	- 25Ω
U tilities	353	-0 <i>A</i>	-29	U tilities	362	0.7	-10.7
Energy	550	49	30 1	Oil& gas	30 6	29	10.7
Realestate	266	3.5	-18 1	Chem icals	1127	29	- 17.5
M aterials	478	5.A	-16.1	Construction & m aterials	50 9	3.8	-212
Top USMe	ga-Cap Comp	anies		Telco	228	- 12	-0.7
0	Lookwaise	1week	VTD (0/)	Retail	321	52	-27.8
Company	Last price	change (%)	YTD(%)	Financialservices	601	5.9	- 20 3
A lphabet	111	-1.1	- 23.7	Basic resources	553	4.1	-7.9
Am azon	124	9.5	-25 <i>A</i>	Realestate	149	8 2	-239
Apple	155	3.5	-12.5	Auto & parts	525	3.8	-20 3
M eta	172	4.5	-4 8 8	M edia	334	53	-10 4
M icrosoft	263	23	-219	Travel& leisure	183	4.7	-211
Tesla	838	16.4	-20.7			Source:	Bloom berg



Summary of regional stock markets' performance

Name Performance						Valuation**					Fundamentals			
Country	Index	Last Price	1M change (%)	3M change (%) (6M change (%)	12M change (%)	P/ E*	P/B	P/S	ROE (%)	Ourrent Ratio	Debt to equity (%)	Change in EPS growth in the last 4 week (%)	Change in EPS growth in the last 3 month (%)
													1.264075	
Europe	SXXP Index	426	5۵	-6.D	-10 2	-6.7	15.6	1.8	1.3	13.3	1,1	174.3	0.0	4.8
Germ any	DAX Index	13281	1.0	-6.1	-14.9	-14 .4	11.9	1.5	0.9	13.4	1,1	110 .6	-15 _. 0	5.3
France	CAC Index	6221	51	-5.5	-12,0	-4 D	14 ,0	1.6	12	14.9	1,1	220 <i>A</i>	16.1	9.8
Poland	W IG20 Index	170 3	1.3	-13.7	-25.1	-23.6	5.9	1.0	0.6	17.0	12	55 . 6	7.9	15.2
Czechia	PX Index	1238	-53	-10 3	-12.7	3.8	9.6	1,1	1,1	11.7		165.8	1,1	5 . 7
Hungary	BUX Index	42287	5.6	-2.1	-18.9	-11.5	5 . 7	0.8	0.6	16.2	1.4	57 . 4	488.6	6.2
Rom ania	BET Index	12230	a. 0-	-6.D	-4.7	2.7	19	0.7	0.1	37.2	0.7	119.4	-36.4	0.7
Bulgaria	SOFK Index	601	-1.8	-5.4	-4.2	7.3	52	0.7	0.8	13.3	2.4	57.1		
Russia	MOEX Index	2089	- 12 0	-6.4	-39.3	-44.4	3.5	0.7	0.6	18.8	13	833	20.7	0.5
U kraine	PFTS Index	519	0.0	Ω 0	-0.7	-1,1	5.4	1.4	0.3	28 1	0.6	7.8		
Slovenia	SBITOP Index	1122	-0.8	-4.6	-15.5	-1.0	6.2	0.9	0.5	15.1	1.7	36.6	-2.8	
Croatia	CRO Index	1963	-21	Q 8-	-9.3	2.0	9.9	12	0.0	10 1	1.6	35.4		
Serbia	BELEX 15 Index	841	12	2.2	-2.4	91	7.8	0.6	0.6	91	1.6	16.3		
M ontenegro	MNSE10 Index	8 18	-0.3	4.4	5.7	0.8	70 4	0.3	0.8	0.2	22	12.6		

^{*}Price to earnings (P/E) ratio is calculated with the 12M trailing EPS in the denominator.

^{**}Some of the country indices could be sector heavy (only a handful industry comprise the majority of the indices),

^{**}therefore direct comparison of valuation metrics alone could be misleading.



FX outlook

FX pair	2021.Q4	2022.Q1	2022.Q2	2022.Q3	2022.Q4	2023.Q4	2024.Q4
EURUSD	1.14	1.12	106	1.04	1.06	1,11	1.15
EURGBP	0.84	0.83	0.85	0.86	0.86	0.87	0.87
EURCHF	1.06	1.05	1.03	1	1.01	1.05	1.06
USDJPY	130	129.5	136	140	140	138	137.5

Source: Bloomberg

Country	FX pair	2021.Q4	2022.Q1	2022.Q2	2022.Q3	2022.Q4	2023.Q1	2023.Q2	2023.Q3	2023.Q4
Hungary	EURHUF (cop)	369	367	379	379	379	374	373	374	369
Rom ania	EURRON (cop)	4.95	4.94	4.94	4.97	5	5.04	5.06	5.08	5.08
Russia	USDRUB (cop)	74.3	841	71.4	76.9	79.6	86	90.6	92.5	94.7
Ukmine	USDUAH (cop)	27.3	29.5	31.3	32.1	32.7	32	32	32.3	32.4
Croatia	EURHRK (cop)	7.52	7.57	7.54	7.54	7.54	7 .5 5	7.54	7.54	7.54
Serb ia	EURRSD (cop)	117.6	117.7	117.9	117.8	117.8	117.7	_	_	_
*No forecast av	No forecast available for Moldova and Albania									

Source: Focus Economics



Macro outlook in the region

		GDP (yoy, %)									
Countries		0	TP	Focus Ec	conomics						
	2021	2022	2023	2022	2023						
Hungary	71	5.0	2.0	3.8	3.3						
Rom an ia	5.9	4.3	2.4	3.5	3.7						
Bulgaria	42	2.5	2.7	2.6	32						
Russia	4.7	-5.5	8.0	- 9.8	-1.4						
Ukraine	3.4	-36 D	18.1	-36 &	12.5						
Slovenia	8.1	5.6	2.5	4.3	2,9						
Croatia	10 2	42	3.0	3.3	3.6						
Serbia	7.4	32	3.4	3.5	3.8						
Montenegro	12.4	42	3.3	3,9	3.9						
Albania	8.5	32	3.0	3.0	3.3						
M oldova	13.9	-62	-0.8	-0.3	2,9						

		Fiscal balance (%of GDP)									
Countries		0	ΤP	Focus Ec	conomics						
	2021	2022	2023	2022	2023						
Hungary	-7.3	-4.9	-3.5	-5.7	-4.1						
Rom an ia	-7.1	-6 5	-5.5	-6. 7	-5.5						
Bulgaria	-4.1	-3.6	-2.6	-3.9	-2.8						
Russia	0.4	-2.1	-1.6	-2.0	-1.6						
Ukraine	-3.5	-15.0	-10 .0	-17.1	-12.4						
Slovenia	- 52	-2.9	-2.8	-4.4	-3.0						
Croatia	-2.9	-2.5	-2.0	-3.0	-23						
Serb ia	-4.1	-4 O	-2.0	-3.7	-23						
Montenegro	-21	-4.6	-3.5	-52	-3.8						
Albania	-4.5	-5.5	-4 O	-4.8	-3.3						
M oldova	-3.3	-8.0	- 6 Ω	-5.9	-4.0						

		Inflatio	n (average	(yoy), %)	
Countries		0	TP	Focus Ec	conomics
	2021	2022	2023	2022	2023
Hungary	51	10 .4	7.4	9.4	5.5
Rom ania	5.0	12.2	8.8	10.5	6.2
Bulgaria	3.3	13.8	4.5	12.0	4.9
Russia	6.7	14.6	6.2	19.8	11.5
Ukraine	3.3	13.8	4.5	22.5	14.4
Slovenia	1.9	9.0	6.2	7.0	4.3
Croatia	2.6	10 2	6.7	7.5	3.5
Serbia	4.0	10 0	6.5	8.5	4.8
Montenegro	2.4	10 2	31	8.1	3.6
Albania	2.0	6.4	5.0	5.9	3.6
Moldova	5.3	28 🚨	18 .0	21.4	8.6

	Unemployment (%)				
Countries	0		ΤΡ	Focus Economics	
	2021	2022	2023	2022	2023
Hungary	4.1	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.7
Rom ania	5.6	5. <i>A</i>	5.0	5.6	5.3
Bulgaria	5.3	4.9	4.8	52	4.8
Russia	4.8	5.0	5.5	7.4	7.0
Ukraine	10.6	15.4	11.0	23.5	14.0
Sloven ia	4.8	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.4
Croatia	7.6	6.8	6.0	7.4	71
Serb ia	10 2	10.5	10 .0	10 1	9.4
Montenegro	16.7	15.8	15.3	16.9	15.8
Albania	11.3	11.5	11.9	11.2	11.0
M oldova	3.9	6.3	7.3	3.8	3.7

Source: Focus Economics, OTP Research Center



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