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Weekly Report

Romania

25 November 2013



Otp Research

S&P could raise Romania's rating to investment grade in H2 2014

Macro: Leading indicators in October and November point to a good Q4 in industry (Page 3)

The November survey on industrial and constructions activity published by the NBR pointed to expectations of a moderate increase in industrial production, on a seasonally adjusted basis, the same as in October. So far, leading indicators point to a positive contribution of industry to Q4 GDP. What has driven the activity so far this year were exports orders but in November, new orders slowed down. This is in line with the weaker PMI data in the euro-zone as well, driven especially by France which is Romania's third export destination. In constructions, the seasonally adjusted balance stepped into the positive territory after pointing to a decrease in October. Almost 2 thirds of the respondents point to subdued demand in the construction field, more than in October. Also, intercompany arrears seem to affect half of the respondents to the survey. After inching up in Q3, constructions have started Q4 on the wrong foot.

FX markets: The EUR/RON hovers around 4.45 (Page 4-5)

The leu showed little volatility last week and the new data coming from the euro-zone and the US showed that progress was being made in both economies. In the US, the retail sales grew more than expected in October, unimpeded by the government shutdown. The Fed's minutes of the October 29-30 meeting revealed that the Fed was expected to taper in the coming next couple of meetings. As net portfolio inflows to the Romanian economy weakened throughout the year, the leu gave up some of the previous gains and showed greater volatility when tapering talk first started, sending the EUR/RON above 4.5 in June. Since September, when net monthly portolio inflows were strong (EUR 1.3 bn), coming after few weak months with net outflows, the leu stabilized around 4.45 and it has been hovering around this level. As portfolio net flows are not expected to speed up and FDI remain low, the potential for a stronger leu is limited.

Government securities: Yields dropped 2-6 bps w/w; S&P raised Romania's outlook from stable to positive (Page 6-7)

As expected, yields edged down last week between 2 and 6 bps (except for 5Y bonds which remained flat) as the market reassessed the date of the tapering and saw it further than December 2013. The Treasury sold the planned RON 700 mn in 7Y bonds at the average accepted yield of 5.04%, 7 bps lower than the previous similar tender in Mid September. The improved market sentiment was also reflected in the higher demand compared with the previousfew auctions. Considering that money market rates are going to remain low in the short term (at least December) and that inflation rate has yet to fall untill it reaches a minimum in Q1 2014, yields are likely to continue on a downward path. Additionaly, the S&P raised its outlook on Romania from stable to positive and said there were 1 in 3 chances that it could raise the sovereign rating in H2 2014, provided that fiscal consolidation continues, but also the public finance reform and public restructuring.

MM: Good liquidity conditions likely to continue in December; the government can run a 1.3% budget deficit in the last 2M (Page 8)

Money market rates continued to fall last week and ROBOR 3M dropped 9 bps on a weekly basis, to 2.7%. ROBOR ON came again close to the inferior limit of the variation band around the base rate (+/- 3 pp). In August, the net liquidity position of the banking system returned to positive territory and consolidated afterwards in September (last available data) due to Treasury's operations. Rates are significantly below the base rate of 4% and the current excess liquidity is likely to continue in December as well, given the increased budget expenditure. The 10M cash budget deficit stood at 1.2% in GDP which leaves the government with a space of 1.3% of GDP budget deficit to record in the last two months of the year (cumulated), as the cash target is 2.5% this year.

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Macroeconomics: Leading indicators in October and November point to a good Q4 in industry

	PERIOD	INDICATOR	FACT	CONSENSUS	PRIOR
18 Nov - 22 N	lov	no data			
26 Nov	Oct	Non -governmental loans (y-o-y, %)			-3,3
26 Nov	Oct	Non -governmental deposits (y-o-y, %)			5,7
26 Nov	Oct	M3 aggregate (y-o-y, %)			4,8
28 Nov	Oct	Bulding permits (y-o-y, %)			6,4
29 Nov	Oct	ILO unemployment (seasonally adjusted, %)			7,5

The November survey on industrial and constructions activity published by the NBR pointed to expectations of a moderate increase in industrial production, on a seasonally adjusted basis, the same as in October. So far, leading indicators point to a positive contribution of industry to Q4 GDP. What has driven the activity so far this year were exports orders but in November, new orders slowed down. This is in line with the weaker PMI data in the euro-zone as well, driven especially by France which is Romania's third export destination. In constructions, the seasonally adjusted balance stepped into the positive territory after pointing to a decrease in October. Almost 2 thirds of the respondents point to subdued demand in the construction field, more than in October. Also, intercompany arrears seem to affect half of the respondents to the survey. After inching up in Q3, constructions have started Q4 on the wrong foot.

This week the banking statistics for October will be released.

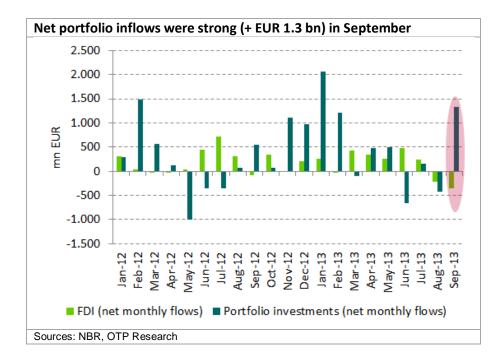
Main macroeconomic indicators			Fact				Fore	cast
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Real GDP	6,3%	7,3%	-6,6%	-1,1%	2,2%	0,7%	2,0%	2,2%
Households consumption expenditure	12,0%	9,0%	-10,4%	-0,2%	1,2%	1,0%	0,7%	2,3%
Government consumption	2,5%	6,2%	9,5%	-13,7%	-0,3%	2,4%	-1,3%	1,4%
Gross fixed capital formation	30,3%	15,6%	-28,1%	-1,8%	7,3%	4,9%	-2,3%	4,5%
Exports	7,8%	8,3%	-6,4%	13,2%	10,3%	-3,0%	5,4%	5,9%
mports	27,3%	7,9%	-20,5%	11,1%	10,0%	-0,9%	1,4%	6,9%
Consumer prices (avg.)	4,8%	7,8%	5,6%	6,1%	5,8%	3,3%	4,3%	2,9%
Budget Balance (GDP%, ESA 95)	-2,9%	-5,7%	-9,0%	-6,8%	-5,6%	-3,0%	-2,9%	-2,8%
Public debt (GDP %)	12,8%	13,4%	23,6%	30,5%	34,7%	37,9%	38,5%	39,1%
CA balance (% GDP)	-13,4%	-11,6%	-4,2%	-4,4%	-4,5%	-4,4%	-0,6%	-1,5%
CA balance (bn EUR)	-16,8	-16,2	-4,9	-5,5	-5,9	-5,8	-0,9	-2,2
Jnemployment	6,4%	5,8%	6,9%	7,3%	7,4%	7,0%	7,5%	7,5%
Nominal wage growth	21,8%	26,1%	4,8%	3,1%	4,1%	4,6%	5,0%	4,9%
Real wage growth	14,7%	16,5%	-1,5%	-3,7%	-1,9%	1,2%	0,7%	1,9%
Key interest rate (avg.)	7,5%	9,7%	9,1%	6,5%	6,2%	5,33%	4,50%	4,139
Key interest rate (e.o.p.)	7,5%	10,3%	8,0%	6,3%	6,0%	5,25%	4,25%	4,00%
EUR/RON (avg.)	3,34	3,68	4,24	4,21	4,24	4,46	4,42	4,46
EUR/RON (e.o.p.)	3,61	3,99	4,23	4,28	4,32	4,43	4,47	4,44

Medium-term macroeconomic forecast



FX markets: The EUR/RON hovers around 4.45

The leu showed little volatility last week and the new data coming from the euro-zone and the US showed that progress was being made in both economies. In the US, the retail sales grew more than expected in October, unimpeded by the government shutdown. The Fed's minutes of the October 29-30 meeting revealed that the Fed was expected to taper in the coming next couple of meetings. Data from Europe shows that the euro-zone continues to recover, with Germany as its main pillar and France being a weaker link. The euro-zone PMI data for November came at 51.5, slightly lower than expectations, due to the impact of French PMI which pointed to a deterioration in business conditions (the PMI was below 50 which shows expansion). As net portfolio inflows to the Romanian economy weakened throughout the year, the leu gave up some of the previous gains and showed greater volatility when tapering talk first started, sending the EUR/RON above 4.5 in June. Since September, when net monthly portolio inflows were strong (EUR 1.3 bn), coming after few weak months with net outflows, the leu stabilized around 4.45 and it has been hovering around this level. As portfolio net flows are not expected to speed up and FDI remain low, the potential for a stronger leu is limited.



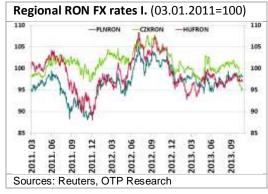
Last data: 22.2	1.2013
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FX BID								
	Value	W	eekly chg. (%)	YT	D chg. (%)			
EURRON	4,45	Ŷ	-0,06	ᡎ	0,06			
USDRON	3,28	₽	-0,49	Ŷ	-2,54			
CHFRON	3,62	ᡎ	0,34	Ŷ	-1,67			
RONJPY	3,24	Ŷ	-1,56	Ŷ	-16,49			
RONPLN	1,06	₽.	-0,33	₽	-2,68			
100HUFRON	1,49	Ŷ	-0,22	Ŷ	-2,35			
RONCZK	0,16	₽	-0,49	Ŷ	-7,97			
RONRUB	0,10	Ŷ	-1,02	Ŷ	-9,07			
RONRSD	0,04	Ŷ	-0,04	Ŷ	-1,37			
RONBGN	2,27	Ŷ	-0,04	ᡎ	0,08			
RONRSD	0,04 2,27	Ŷ	-0,04	÷	-1,37			

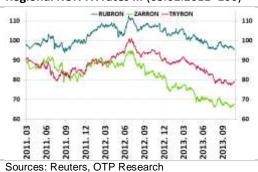
Source: Reuters



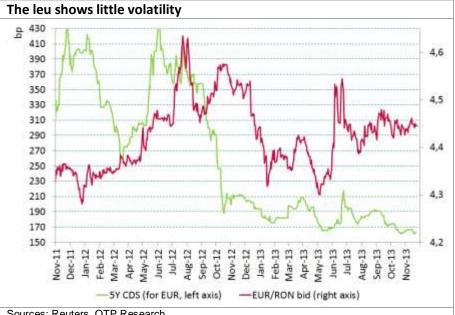




Regional RON FX rates II. (03.01.2011=100)

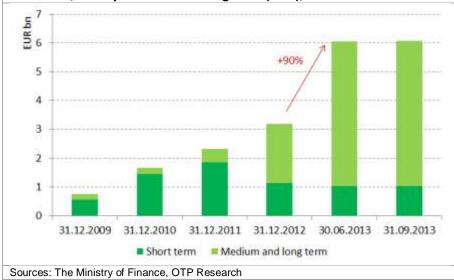






Sources: Reuters, OTP Research

As of September, foreigners hold EUR 6 bn in Romanian government securities, mostly medium and long term (83%); less than 30% in EUR





Government securities: Yields dropped 2-6 bps w/w; S&P raised Romania's outlook from stable to positive

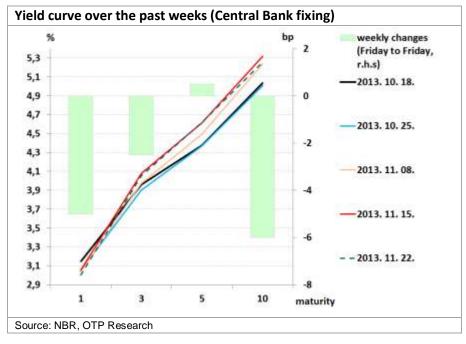
As expected, yields edged down last week between 2 and 6 bps (except for 5Y bonds which remained flat) as the market reassessed the date of the tapering and saw it further than December 2013. The Treasury sold the planned RON 700 mn in 7Y bonds at the average accepted yield of 5.04%, 7 bps lower than the previous similar tender in Mid September. The improved market sentiment was also reflected in the higher demand compared with the previousfew auctions. Total bids climbed to RON 1.3 Bn and bid to cover ratio stood comfortably at 1.9. Considering that money market rates are going to remain low in the short term (at least December) and that inflation rate has yet to fall untill it reaches a minimum in Q1 2014, yields are likely to continue on a downward path.

Additionaly, the S&P raised its outlook on Romania from stable to positive and said there were 1 in 3 chances that it could raise the sovereign rating in H2 2014, provided that fiscal consolidation continued, but also the public finance reform and public restructuring. The S&P is the only rating agency that still places Romania below investment grade. They affirmed Romania's 'BB+/B' long- and short-term foreign and local currency sovereign credit ratings on the basis of the adjustment to external demand, fiscal consolidation and financial stability.

Last week's auction results (RON denominated)

	RO1320DBN022
Offered amount (mn RON)	700
Total bids (mn RON)	1340
accepted amount (mn RON)	700
Average accepted yield (%)	5,04
Coupon (%)	5,75

Source: NBR, OTP Research



Last data: 22.11.2013								
RON GOVERNMENT SECURITIES								
	Value (%)	We	ekly chg. (bp) YTI) chg. (bp)		
6M	2,87	Ŷ	-6	4	-332			
12M	3,01	Ŷ	-5	÷	-316			
3Y	4,06	₽	-3	Ŧ	-211			
5Y	4,62	€	0	Ŷ	-158			
10Y	5,26	₽.	-6	Ť	-112			
		PRE	ADS					
	Value (bp)	We	ekly chg. (bp) YTI) chg. (bp)		
GERROM 3Y	385	₽	-3	Ŷ	-223			
GERROM 5Y	397	ᡎ	0	Ť	-183			
GERROM 10Y	355	₽	-6	Ŷ	-139			
3Y -5Y	57	ᡎ	3	♠	53			
5Y -10Y	64	Ŷ	-6	♠	46			
3Y-10Y	121	Ŷ	-4	♠	99			
FLY 3-5-10	8	Ŷ	-9	Ŷ	-7			

CDS MID SPREADS Value (bp) Weekly chg. (bp) YTD chg. (bp) 3Y EURO 108 III -3 III -27

-3

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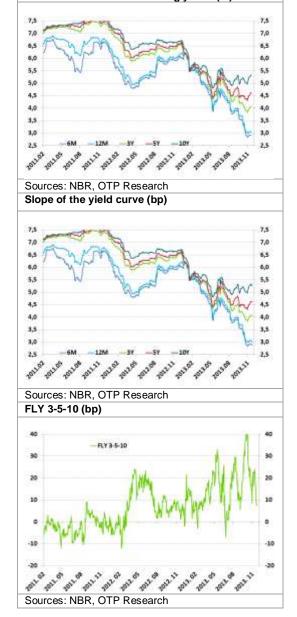
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5Y EURO Source: Reuters

Central bank benchmark fixing yields (%)

163





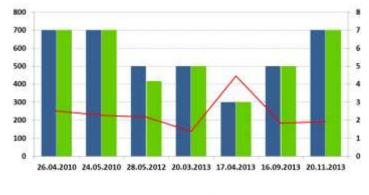
Bond auctions in November (in RON)

ISIN	Auction date	SSON auction date	Settlement date	Maturity	Years	Cupon	Indicative target amount (RON)	Indicative target amount SSON* (RON)
R01323DBN018	04.11.2013	05.11.2013	06.11.2013	25 04 2023	10	5.85	800.000.000	80.000.000
R01114DBN011	07.11.2013		11.11.2013	25 10 20 14	3	6.25	1.000.000.000	addition of the later.
R01015DBN010	11 11 2013	6	13 11 2013	30.04.2015	5	6	800.000.000	
R013160BN034	14.11.2013	15.11.2013	18.11.2013	28.11.2018	5	5,6	700,000,000	70.000.000
R01320DBN022	18.11.2013		20.11.2013	29.04.2020	7	5,75	700.000.000	
R007170EN038	25.11.2013		27.11.2013	11.06.2017	10	6.75	600.000.000	

Sources: Ministry of Finance, OTP Research

Note:* Supplementary sessions of competitive offers

7Y Auctions data

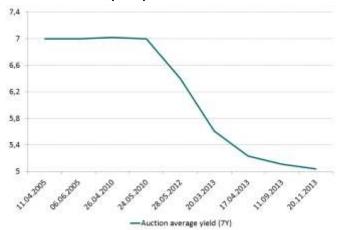


Content (RON mn) -Bid-to-cover ratio (r.h.s)

Accepted amount (RON mn)

Sources: NBR, OTP Research

7Y Interest rates (RON)



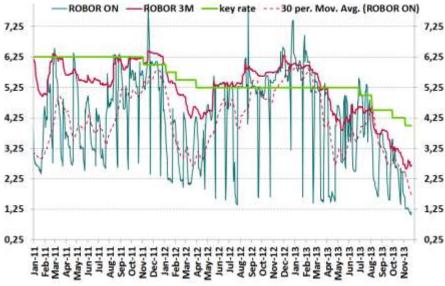
Sources: NBR, OTP Research

Otp Research

MM: Good liquidity conditions likely to continue in December; the government can run a 1.3% budget deficit in the last 2M

Money market rates continued to fall last week and ROBOR 3M dropped 9 bps on a weekly basis, to 2.7%. ROBOR ON came again close to the inferior limit of the variation band around the base rate (+/- 3 pp). In August, the net liquidity position of the banking system returned to positive territory and consolidated afterwards in September (last available data) due to Treasury's operations. Rates are significantly below the base rate of 4% and the current excess liquidity is likely to continue in December as well, given the increased budget expenditure. The 10M cash budget deficit stood at 1.2% in GDP which leaves the government with a space of 1.3% of GDP budget deficit to record in the last two months of the year (cumulated), as the cash target is 2.5% this year.

Most important MM instruments' evolution



Sources: NBR, OTP Research

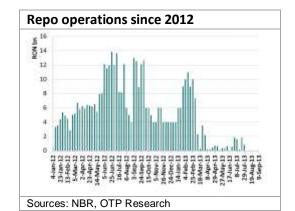
Last data: 22.11.2013

MID INTEREST RATES								
Value (%) Weekly chg. (bp) YTD chg. (bp)								
repo rate	4,00	⇒	0	4	-125			
ROBOR ON	1,16	₽	-6	4	-522			
ROBOR 3M	2,70	₽	-9	4	-333			
ROBOR 6M	3,18	₽.	-8	4	-310			
ROBOR 9M	3,29	₽.	-3	4	-299			
ROBOR 1Y	3,38	₽	-1	4	-293			
		RF	PO					

Value (mn RON) Wly chg. (mn RON) YTD chg. (mn RON) repo amount 3.995,3

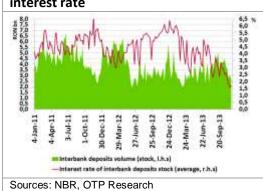
INTERBANK DEPOSITS									
	Value (mn RON)	N	Iy chg. (mn RON) YTD	chg. (mn RON)				
outstanding	2.784,1		-293,3		-117,3				
MID SWAP POINTS									
	Value (bp)	W	eekly chg. (bj) YT	D chg. (bp)				
USDRON 1W	7	ᡎ	6	₽	-17				
USDRON 1M	35	₽	-1	÷	-115				
USDRON 3M	142	₽	-21	÷	-104				
EURRON 1W	9	ᡎ	2	÷	-31				
EURRON 1M	50	₽.	-16	÷	-96				
EURRON 3M	245	₽.	-15	Ŧ	-266				
	MID EUF	R 84	SIS SWAPS						
	Value (bp)	W	eekly chg. (bj) YT	D chg. (bp)				
EURRON 1Y	-80	⇒	0	♠	75				
EURRON 3Y	-70	⇔	0	♠	85				
EURRON 5Y	-70	⇔	0	♠	80				
Source: Reu	ters								

Source: Reuters



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Interbank deposits stock and average interest rate





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